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## Brady Corporation

F'22 Q4 Financial Results


September 1, 2022

## Forward-Looking Statements

In this news release, statements that are not reported financial results or other historic information are "forward-looking statements." These forward-looking statements relate to, among other things, the Company's future financial position, business strategy, targets, projected sales, costs, earnings, capital expenditures, debt levels and cash flows, and plans and objectives of management for future operations.

The use of words such as "may," "will," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "believe," "should," "project," "continue" or "plan" or similar terminology are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements by their nature address matters that are, to different degrees, uncertain and are subject to risks, assumptions, and other factors, some of which are beyond Brady's control, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. For Brady, uncertainties arise from: increased cost of raw materials, labor and freight as well as material shortages and supply chain disruptions; adverse impacts of the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic or other pandemics; decreased demand for our products; our ability to compete effectively or to successfully execute our strategy; Brady's ability to identify, integrate, and grow acquired companies, and to manage contingent liabilities from divested businesses; difficulties in protecting our websites, networks, and systems against security breaches; risks associated with the loss of key employees; extensive regulations by U.S. and non-U.S. governmental and self-regulatory entities; litigation, including product liability claims; foreign currency fluctuations; potential write-offs of goodwill and other intangible assets; changes in tax legislation and tax rates; differing interests of voting and non-voting shareholders; numerous other matters of national, regional and global scale, including major public health crises and government responses thereto and those of a political, economic, business, competitive, and regulatory nature contained from time to time in Brady's U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission filings, including, but not limited to, those factors listed in the "Risk Factors" section within Item 1A of Part I of Brady's Form 10-K for the year ended July 31, 2022.

These uncertainties may cause Brady's actual future results to be materially different than those expressed in its forwardlooking statements. Brady does not undertake to update its forward-looking statements except as required by law.

## Q4 F'22 Highlights

Strong Sales Growth

## Improved GPM

Record GAAP \& Non-GAAP EPS

- Organic sales grew 9.0\%, with organic growth in both segments.
- GPM of 50.4\% compared to $48.2 \%$ in Q4 of F'21.
- Expect margins to remain challenged due to ongoing inflation.
- GAAP EPS of $\$ 0.81$ was up $52.8 \%$ over Q4 of last year.
- Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items* increased $16.0 \%$ to $\$ 0.87$ in Q4 of F'22 compared to $\$ 0.75$ in Q4 of F'21.
- Workplace Safety segment profit increased 65.1\%.
- Identification Solutions segment profit increased 18.4\%.


## Full-Year F'22 Highlights

## Record GAAP \& Non-GAAP EPS

## Returned \$155.2M to our Shareholders

## F'23 EPS Guidance

- GAAP EPS was up $17.4 \%$ in F'22 to an all-time high of $\$ 2.90$.
- Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items* was up $14.5 \%$ to an all-time high of $\$ 3.15$.
- Purchased 2.3M shares in F'22 (approx. 4.4\% of diluted shares).
- Paid dividends of $\$ 45.9 \mathrm{M}$ and announced our $37^{\text {th }}$ consecutive year of dividend increases.
- F'23 GAAP EPS guidance of $\$ 3.13$ - $\$ 3.43$ (increase of $7.9 \%$ to 18.3\% over F'22).
- F'23 Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items* guidance of \$3.30$\$ 3.60$ (increase of $4.8 \%$ to $14.3 \%$ over F'22).


## Sales Overview



## Q4 F'22 SALES:

- Total sales increased 5.8\%.
- Organic sales increased 9.0\%.
- ID Solutions - Organic sales increased $10.8 \%$.
- Workplace Safety - Organic sales increased 3.3\%.
- $2.5 \%$ increase due to acquisitions.
- $5.7 \%$ decrease due to foreign currency translation.

Q4 F'22 SALES COMMENTARY:

- ID Solutions experienced strong organic sales growth in all regions.
- Workplace Safety realized organic sales growth for the third consecutive quarter.
- Foreign currency translation is an increasing headwind due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against other major currencies, including the Euro.


## Gross Profit Margin

## GROSS PROFIT \& GPM\%



## Q4 F'22 - GROSS PROFIT MARGIN:

- Gross profit margin of 50.4\% compared to $48.2 \%$ in Q4 of F'21.
- Sequentially, gross profit margin improved from 48.4\% last quarter to $50.4 \%$ this quarter.
- Price increases, efficiency gains, and automation partially offset the negative impacts of inflation.


## SG\&A Expense

SG\&A EXPENSE AND SG\&A EXPENSE AS A \% OF SALES
(millions of USD)


## Q4 F'22 - SG\&A EXPENSE:

- GAAP SG\&A expense was $29.2 \%$ of sales compared to $30.6 \%$ of sales in the same quarter last year.
- SG\&A expense was negatively impacted by both incremental amortization expense from the acquisitions completed in the fourth quarter of last year as well as inflation.
- We continue to focus on driving sustainable efficiency gains to continue reducing SG\&A expense as a percent of sales.


## R\&D Expense

R\&D EXPENSE AND R\&D EXPENSE AS A \% OF SALES


## Q4 F'22 - R\&D EXPENSE:

- R\&D expense is up as a result of investments made to drive future sales growth combined with additional R\&D expense from the acquisitions completed in the fourth quarter of F'21 and our initiatives in industrial track and trace.
- We have a solid new product pipeline of high-quality materials and products to make our customers more efficient.
- We are focused on ensuring that our R\&D spend is both efficient and effective.


## Income Before Income Taxes

INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES (GAAP) (millions of USD)


## Q4 F'22 - INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES:

- GAAP Income before income taxes was up $29.7 \%$ to $\$ 54.0 \mathrm{M}$ in Q4 of F'22 compared to $\$ 41.6 \mathrm{M}$ in Q4 of F'21.
- As a result of the three acquisitions completed in Q4 of F'21, amortization expense was removed from both Q4 of F'22 and Q4 of $F^{\prime} 21$ and $\$ 3.7 \mathrm{M}$ of acquisition-related non-recurring expenses were also removed from Q4 of $\mathrm{F}^{\prime} 21$ income before income taxes to arrive at the non-GAAP measure of Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Certain Items.*
- Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Certain Items* increased 19.2\% to \$57.7M in Q4 of F'22 compared to $\$ 48.4 \mathrm{M}$ in Q4 of F'21.


## Net Income \& Diluted EPS



## DILUTED EPS (GAAP)



## Q4 F'22 - NET INCOME \& DILUTED EPS:

- GAAP Net Income was $\$ 41.1 \mathrm{M}$ in Q4 of F'22 compared to $\$ 28.0 \mathrm{M}$ in Q4 of F'21 (an increase of 46.5\%).
- Net Income Excluding Certain Items* was $\$ 43.9 \mathrm{M}$ in Q4 of F'22 compared to $\$ 39.3 \mathrm{M}$ in Q4 of F'21 (an increase of $11.6 \%$ ).
- GAAP Diluted EPS was $\$ 0.81$ in Q4 of F'22 compared to $\$ 0.53$ in Q4 of F'21 (an increase of 52.8\%).
- Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items* was $\$ 0.87$ in Q4 of F'22 compared to $\$ 0.75$ in Q4 of F'21 (an increase of 16.0\%).

Cash Generation and Uses


## Net Cash

## NET CASH



## STRONG BALANCE SHEET:

- July 31, 2022 cash = \$114.1M.
- July 31, 2022 debt = \$95.0M.
- Brady is in a net cash position of \$19.1M.
- Balance sheet provides flexibility for future organic and inorganic investments.

F'22 Financial Summary

|  | Year Ended July 31, |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  | Change |
| Sales | \$ | 1,302.1 | \$ | 1,144.7 | 13.7\% |
| Organic Sales Growth (Decline) |  | 9.4\% |  | 1.6\% |  |
| Gross Margin |  | 631.6 |  | 561.4 | 12.5\% |
| \% of Sales |  | 48.5\% |  | 49.0\% |  |
| Research and Development |  | (58.5) |  | (44.6) | 31.4\% |
| Selling, General and Administrative |  | (380.0) |  | (349.8) | 8.6\% |
| $\%$ of Sales |  | (29.2\%) |  | (30.6\%) |  |
| Operating Income |  | 193.0 |  | 167.1 | 15.5\% |
| Other (Expense) Income |  | (1.0) |  | 3.9 |  |
| Income Before Income Taxes and Losses of |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unconsolidated Affiliate | \$ | 192.0 | \$ | 171.0 | 12.3\% |
| Net Income | \$ | 150.0 | \$ | 129.7 | 15.7\% |
| Diluted EPS | \$ | 2.90 | \$ | 2.47 | 17.4\% |
| Non-GAAP Measures: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Income Excluding Certain Items* | \$ | 162.7 | \$ | 144.0 | 13.0\% |
| Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items* | \$ | 3.15 | \$ | 2.75 | 14.5\% |

Net Cash Position
$\begin{array}{ll}\$ \quad 19.1 & \$ \quad 109.3\end{array}$

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## F’23 Diluted EPS Guidance

## Diluted EPS

## Excluding Certain Items*

## GAAP Diluted EPS

$\$ 3.30$ to $\$ 3.60\left(+4.8 \%\right.$ to $+14.3 \%$ vs. $\left.F^{\prime} 22\right)$
$\$ 3.13$ to $\$ 3.43\left(+7.9 \%\right.$ to $+18.3 \%$ vs. F $\left.^{\prime} 22\right)$

## Guidance Assumptions:

- Organic sales growth in the mid-to-high single digit percentages.
- Negative foreign currency impact of approximately $3.5 \%$ on net sales.
- The only difference between GAAP Diluted EPS and Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items* F'23 guidance is the impact of amortization expense of $\$ 0.17$ per share.
- Full-year income tax rate of approximately $20 \%$.
- Foreign currency exchange rates as of July 31, 2022.
- Depreciation and amortization expense of \$32M to \$34M.
- Capital expenditures of approximately $\$ 32 \mathrm{M}$ (inclusive of $\$ 10 \mathrm{M}$ related to the construction of previously leased critical manufacturing facilities).


## Identification Solutions



## Q4 F'22 SUMMARY:

- Revenues increased 9.6\%:
- Organic growth $=+10.8 \%$.
- Acquisition growth $=+3.3 \%$.
- Fx reduction = ( $4.5 \%$ ).
- Strong organic sales growth in all regions.
- Segment profit negatively impacted by a $\$ 0.7 \mathrm{M}$ increase in amortization expense.
- Excluding amortization expense and the non-routine charges in Q4 of F'21, segment profit as a percent of sales would have been 21.3\% in Q4 of F'22 and 20.9\% in Q4 of F'21.
- We have increased our innovation investments and are actively investing in sales-generating resources.


## OUTLOOK:

- Organic sales growth in the mid-to-high single-digit percentages in F'23.
- Continued profit growth, partially offset by the negative impact of inflation on gross profit margins.


## Workplace Safety



## Q4 F'22 SUMMARY:

- Revenues declined 5.7\%:
- Organic growth $=+3.3 \%$.
- Fx reduction $=(9.0 \%)$.
- Segment profit increased substantially as a result of our actions to:
- Streamline our product offering.
- Simplify and reduce our cost structure.
- Improve our price competitiveness.
- Due to seasonality, our fourth quarter is typically our most profitable quarter.


## OUTLOOK:

- Organic sales growth in the low single-digit percentages in F'23 and continued foreign currency headwinds.
- Continued profit improvements, partially offset by inflation and foreign currency.


## Investor Relations

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See our website at
www.bradycorp.com/investors

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## Appendix

GAAP to Non-GAAP
Reconciliations

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

## GAAP to NON-GAAP MEASURES <br> (Unaudited; Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

In accordance with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's Regulation G, the following provides definitions of the non-GAAP measures used in the earnings release and the reconciliation to the most closely related GAAP measure.

## Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Certain Items:

Brady is presenting the non-GAAP measure, "Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Certain Items." This is not a calculation based upon GAAP. The amounts included in this non-GAAP measure are derived from amounts included in the Consolidated Financial Statements and supporting footnote disclosures. We do not view these items to be part of our ongoing results. We believe this profit measure provides an important perspective of underlying business trends and results and provides a more comparable measure from year to year. The table below provides a reconciliation of the GAAP measure of Income before income taxes and losses of unconsolidated affiliate to the non-GAAP measure of Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Certain Items:

|  | Three months ended July 31, |  |  |  | Year ended July 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Income before income taxes and losses of unconsolidated affiliate (GAAP measure) | \$ | 53,990 | \$ | 41,614 | \$ | 191,980 | \$ | 171,023 |
| Amortization expense |  | 3,675 |  | 3,021 |  | 14,966 |  | 7,077 |
| Other non-routine charges |  | - |  | - |  | 1,841 |  | - |
| Non-recurring acquisition transaction fees and other expenses |  | - |  | 3,742 |  | - |  | 3,742 |
| Income Before Income Taxes Excluding Certain Items (non-GAAP measure) | \$ | 57,665 | \$ | 48,377 | \$ | 208,787 | \$ | 181,842 |

## Income Tax Expense Excluding Certain Items:

Brady is presenting the non-GAAP measure, "Income Tax Expense Excluding Certain Items." This is not a calculation based upon GAAP. The amounts included in this non-GAAP measure are derived from amounts included in the Consolidated Financial Statements and supporting footnote disclosures. We do not view these items to be part of our ongoing results. We believe this measure provides an important perspective of underlying business trends and results and provides a more comparable measure from year to year. The table below provides a reconciliation of the GAAP measure of Income tax expense to the non-GAAP measure of Income Tax Expense Excluding Certain Items:

|  | Three months ended July 31, |  |  |  | Year ended July 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Income tax expense (GAAP measure) | \$ | 12,926 | \$ | 8,593 | , | 42,001 | \$ | 35,610 |
| Amortization expense |  | 873 |  | 720 |  | 3,545 |  | 1,734 |
| Other non-routine charges |  | - |  | - |  | 496 |  | - |
| Non-recurring acquisition transaction fees and other expenses |  | - |  | 689 |  | - |  | 689 |
| Acquisition-related tax charges |  | - |  | (942) |  | - |  | (942) |
| Income Tax Expense Excluding Certain Items (non-GAAP measure) | \$ | 13,799 | \$ | 9,060 | \$ | 46,042 | \$ | 37,091 |

## Non-GAAP Reconciliations

## GAAP to NON-GAAP MEASURES <br> (Unaudited; Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

In accordance with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's Regulation G, the following provides definitions of the non-GAAP measures used in the earnings release and the reconciliation to the most closely related GAAP measure

## Net Income Excluding Certain Items:

Brady is presenting the non-GAAP measure, "Net Income Excluding Certain Items." This is not a calculation based upon GAAP. The amounts included in this non-GAAP measure are derived from amounts included in the Consolidated Financial Statements and supporting footnote disclosures. We do not view these items to be part of our ongoing results. We believe this measure provides an important perspective of underlying business trends and results and provides a more comparable measure from year to year. The table below provides a reconciliation of the GAAP measure of Net income to the non-GAAP measure of Net Income Excluding Certain Items:

|  | Three months ended July 31, |  |  |  | Year ended July 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Net income (GAAP measure) | \$ | 41,064 | \$ | 28,027 | \$ | 149,979 | \$ | 129,659 |
| Amortization expense |  | 2,802 |  | 2,301 |  | 11,421 |  | 5,343 |
| Other non-routine charges |  | - |  | - |  | 1,345 |  | - |
| Non-recurring acquisition transaction fees and other expenses |  | - |  | 3,053 |  | - |  | 3,053 |
| Acquisition-related tax charges |  | - |  | 942 |  | - |  | 942 |
| Other-than-temporary impairment of unconsolidated affiliate |  | - |  | 4,994 |  | - |  | 4,994 |
| Net Income Excluding Certain Items (non-GAAP measure) | \$ | 43,866 | \$ | 39,317 | \$ | 162,745 | \$ | 143,991 |

## Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items:

Brady is presenting the non-GAAP measure, "Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items." This is not a calculation based upon GAAP. The amounts included in this non-GAAP measure are derived from amounts included in the Consolidated Financial Statements. We do not view these items to be part of our ongoing results. We believe this measure provides an important perspective of underlying business trends and results and provides a more comparable measure from year to year. The table below provides a reconciliation of the GAAP measure of Net income per Class A Nonvoting Common Share to the non-GAAP measure of Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items:

|  | Three months ended July 31, |  |  |  | Year ended July 31, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  | 2022 |  | 2021 |  |
| Net income per Class A Nonvoting Common Share (GAAP measure) | \$ | 0.81 | \$ | 0.53 | \$ | 2.90 | \$ | 2.47 |
| Amortization expense |  | 0.06 |  | 0.04 |  | 0.22 |  | 0.10 |
| Other non-routine charges |  | - |  | - |  | 0.03 |  | - |
| Non-recurring acquisition transaction fees and other expenses |  | - |  | 0.06 | \$ | - |  | 0.06 |
| Acquisition-related tax charges |  | - |  | 0.02 | \$ | - |  | 0.02 |
| Other-than-temporary impairment of unconsolidated affiliate |  | - |  | 0.09 | \$ | - |  | 0.10 |
| Diluted EPS Excluding Certain Items (non-GAAP measure) | \$ | 0.87 | \$ | 0.75 | \$ | 3.15 | \$ | 2.75 |


| Fiscal 2023 Expectations |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | :---: |
| Low |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\$$ | 3.13 |  |
|  | $\$$ |  |
|  | 0.17 |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\$$ | $\mathbf{3 . 3 0}$ |  |

